



Project		Job Ref.				
		Sheet no./rev. 1				
Section	Calc. by RSF	Date 9/22/2012	Chk'd by	Date	App'd by	Date

LATERAL PRESSURE - NAVDAC - DM2

SOIL ANALYSIS BASED ON NAVDAC - DM 2

Active pressure;

Height of wall; $H_a=5.5\text{ft};$
 Wall batter; $\omega_a=0\text{deg}$
 Wall inclination from vertical measured clockwise; $\theta_a=360\text{deg}-\omega_a=360.000;$ (from vertical line drawn downward at top of wall);
 Angle of internal friction; $\phi_a=28\text{deg};$
 Angle of backslope; $\beta'_a=26\text{deg};$
 Broken back distance; $d_a=10\text{ft};$
 Equivalent back slope; $\beta_a=\text{if}(d_a < 2 * H_a, \text{atan}(d_a * \tan(\beta'_a) / (2 * H_a)), \beta'_a); \beta_a=23.912\text{deg};$
 Wall friction factor for active pressure; $ff_a=0;$
 Wall friction angle for active pressure;; $\delta_a=ff_a * \phi_a=0.000\text{deg};$
 $K_a=\cos(\phi_a-\theta_a)^2 / (\cos(\theta_a)^2 * \cos(\theta_a+\delta_a) * (1 + ((\sin(\phi_a+\delta_a) * \sin(\phi_a-\beta_a)) / (\cos(\theta_a+\delta_a) * \cos(\theta_a-\beta_a))))^{0.5})^2=0.549;$
 Horizontal Component; $K_{ah}=K_a * \cos(\delta_a-\omega_a)=0.549;$
 Vertical Component; $K_{av}=K_a * \sin(\delta_a-\omega_a)=0.000;$

Passive Pressure;

Height of passive soil (or embedment); $H_p=5\text{ft};$
 Wall batter; $\omega_p=0\text{deg};$ $\eta_p=90\text{deg}-\omega_p=90.000\text{deg};$ (see Azizi)
 Wall inclination from vertical measured clockwise; $\theta_p=360\text{deg}+\omega_p=360.000;$ (from vertical line drawn downward at top of wall);
 Angle of internal friction; $\phi_p=28\text{deg};$
 Angle of toe slope (negative downward); $\beta'_p=-27.5\text{deg};$ (negative is downward);
 Coefficient of embedment for broken toeslope; $k=1.0$
 Horizontal Distance until slope is flat; $X_p=6\text{ft};$
 Equivalent toeslope; $\beta_p=\text{if}(X_p < k * H_p, \text{atan}(X_p * \tan(\beta'_p) / (k * H_p)), \beta'_p); \beta_p=-27.500\text{deg}$
 Wall friction factor for passive pressure; $ff_p=0;$ (should be less than 1/3);
 Wall friction angle for passive pressure; $\delta_p=ff_p * \phi_p=0.000\text{deg}$

$$K_p=\cos(\phi_p+\theta_p)^2 / (\cos(\theta_p)^2 * \cos(\theta_p-\delta_p) * (1 - ((\sin(\phi_p+\delta_p) * \sin(\phi_p+\beta_p)) / (\cos(\theta_p-\delta_p) * \cos(\theta_p-\beta_p))))^{0.5})^2=0.897;$$

Horizontal Component; $K_{Ph}=K_p * \cos(\delta_p-\omega_p)=0.897;$

Vertical Component; $K_{Pv}=K_p * \sin(\delta_p-\omega_p)=0.000;$

Verify with Engineering Design in Geotechnics by Fethi Azizi (pg280)

$$K_p=\sin(\eta_p-\phi_p)^2 / (\sin(\eta_p)^2 * \sin(\eta_p+\delta_p) * (1 - ((\sin(\phi_p+\delta_p) * \sin(\phi_p+\beta_p)) / (\sin(\eta_p+\delta_p) * \sin(\beta_p+\eta_p))))^{0.5})^2=0.897;$$